

Installation Operation & Maintenance Instruction Manual

BLS9200 Bilge / Flood Detection Switch for Non-Hazardous Area Installations

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1 Introduction

The Bilge Switch Model BLS 9200 is designed to be installed in ships bilges and tanks, where it is bolted in situ at the required alarm level. This switch is manufactured in corrosion resistant stainless steel fully submersible construction with a hermetically sealed Single Pole Changeover reed switch potted in epoxy.

The switch is actuated by a rise in liquid level to the point that it moves the float past its actuation point.

The switch is also designed with a manual lift test mechanism to be used to check switch operation.

This manual covers installation of the switch in Safe area (Non-Hazardous Area) locations. A version of the BLS9200 is available certified for Hazardous Area application, please refer to PSM Manual MAN104 for details.

2 Storage and Environmental Data

The BLS 9200 is a robust construction which is designed to withstand the in-service conditions it will encounter. Where the switch is to be stored prior to installation and use normal precautions must be taken to prevent the unit from mechanical damage and ingress of moisture into the exposed cable end. Warehouse storage without secondary packaging is acceptable provided these precautions are taken and the actual storage conditions are clean and dry and within the temperature range of 0°C to +40°C

3 Safety and Handling Precautions

The BLS 9200 switch is a lightweight construction weighing less than 1Kg typically (depending upon length of attached cable). No special precautions are necessary in the handling of the switch other than to ensure that it is stored and handled appropriately to ensure that no mechanical damage can occur to either the switch, its attached test handle, and especially to the outer sheathing of the attached cable. Note that the cable is permanently fixed to the switch and no attempt should be made to remote it as this will compromise the integrity of the seals used to ensure full submersibility.

4 Installation

The BLS9200 is provided with an integral mounting bracket having 2 holes 9mm diameter on 44 mm centres, refer to the drawings in section 14 of this manual.

The nominal switch actuation point is at a dimension of 50mm below the mounting holes and actuates on a rising level, therefore in tank fixing should be located at a datum of 50mm above the desired alarm actuation point.

The mounting arrangement should be rigid and not liable to vibration or flexing and it must be ensured that the BLS 9200, when mounted is vertical both when viewed from the side and the front. If the switch is not mounted vertically there is a risk that the movement of the float will be impeded.

The switch float is well protected by the perforated stainless-steel shield but in general it should be ensured that the selected location for installation is away from any area which is liable to collect debris or other contaminants which could, over time, cause a build-up and / or blockage to restrict the free movement of liquid to actuate the float.

5 Electrical Connection

The BLS 9200 is manufactured with the cable permanently bonded to the body. No attempt should be made to disconnect it. The actual length provided will have been specified at time of manufacture to suit the duty.

If required, it can be cut to length.

The conductors on the three-core cable are labelled as indicated in the key below.

- 1 = Common
- 2 = Normally Open
- 3 = Normally Closed

When the switch is not in alarm there is a circuit between Common and Normally Closed. When the switch enters alarm mode there is a circuit between Common and Normally Open.

Once the electrical connections are completed correct operation of the switch can be validated by using the test handle. Refer to the section "Operation and In Service Test" for details.

5.1 Optional Termination Enclosures

PSM provide three options for termination enclosures for the BLS 9200, In Polycarbonate: BSE1 for a single switch, and BSE2 for two switches. In Aluminium: BSE10 for a single switch.

Protection: IP65 (all versions).

Refer to the drawings at the end of this manual for further details.

6 Protection of the internal Reed Switch

Note: Attempting to put excessive power through the bilge switch will irreparably damage the reed switch internals.

- If the power rating of the switch is greatly exceeded, the contacts will become permanently welded together.
- If the switch is allowed to arc (spark) as it opens or closes the plated contacts will fail over time. [the greater the arc the more rapidly failure will occur]

Do not be misled by the resistive ratings of the switches. Most applications involve inductive loads and many low wattage loads are often high inductance devices.

Switches ratings are quoted for a **resistive load**. Suppression is important to protect the switch.

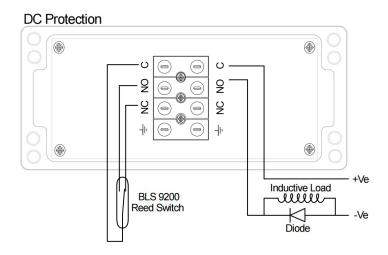
7 Lamp loads

Incandescent lamp loads can be very destructive to reed switch applications.

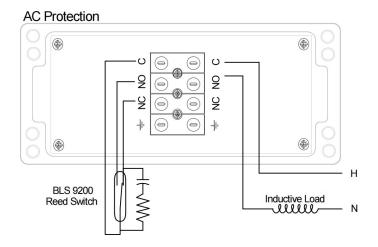
These types of loads have 6-10 times the normal operating current when first energised [inrush current].

8 Fitting ARC suppression

• For a DC circuit – a one-amp diode should be placed in parallel with the load to suppress the arc. Select a diode with a voltage rating of at least three times [3x] or more than that of the circuit rating. Connect diode cathode to positive.



• **For an AC circuit** - a capacitor and resistor fitted in parallel with the switch. Use a 0.1mf 400-600V capacitor and a 50-to-100-ohm 1/4 watt resistor in series with the capacitor.



9 Operation and in-service Test

When the BLS 9200 is installed and in normal operation there is no requirement for user intervention. Operation is fully automatic where the switch will respond to the presence of liquid which causes the internal float to rise and operate the internal reed switch causing it to change state.

Likewise, when the liquid level reduces below the switch position the BLS 9200 will automatically reset, and the reed switch again change state.

For in-service test purposes the BLS9200 has an integral test handle. This handle may be used to simulate the presence of liquid to check that the switch operates as expected.

Gently lifting the handle upwards will cause the internal float to lift which will in turn cause the reed switch to changeover.

When the handle is released, the float will reset to its alarm off position.

To confirm correct operation, use a multi-meter or other continuity tester to check that there is a closed circuit between normally closed and common when the float is at rest, and between normally open and common when the float is manually lifted by the test handle.

10 Maintenance needs

The BLS9200 has been designed for long and maintenance free operation. There are no specific service requirements, and no need for lubrication or other consumables.

As a precautionary measure it is recommended that the switch is visually inspected on a periodic basis to ensure that it remains free from contamination, and that operation and free movement of the internal float is confirmed by lifting of the test handle as detailed in the preceding section. This may also be used to validate alarm reporting on the remote monitoring system.

It is recommended that this inspection is undertaken on a monthly to quarterly basis.

If it is required to specifically test the function and correct operation of the switch in respect of its changeover action, then this should be undertaken when it is not immersed by first disconnecting the output cables and connecting the continuity meter across the common and normally closed terminals. This should show continuity.

Next the switch should be operated by lifting the handle to confirm that contact is broken between common and normally closed.

The test should then be repeated for the common and normally open contact by ensuring that when the switch is in its active position (lifted) that there is continuity and that there is no continuity when the switch handle is released.

11 Repair

The BLS9200 is a fully welded and sealed assembly which contains no user serviceable parts.

If a switch if found not to be operational after carrying out the tests detailed in the previous section, then it may be removed from its mountings and visually inspected.

If it appears that contamination within the protective shield is preventing free movement of the float, then the switch may be flushed using clean warm water or a mild solvent compatible with stainless steel.

To assist in access for flushing, the bottom cover of the switch shield may be temporarily removed, this is held in place by a circlip.

Removal of the switch will necessitate undoing of the two securing bolts and lifting the complete switch away from the mounting removing any securing ties that have been used to retain the switch cable.

Inverting the switch will show the circlip on the bottom of the central switch stem. This may be removed using standard hand tools (small screwdriver of needle nosed pliers). Once removed the lower cover can be lifted away to carefully clean any sediment present.

Note: On versions of the switch which have been designated for high shock applications this circlip is welded in place by the factory meaning the lower cover cannot be removed and cleaning is only possible by flushing with warm water or a mild solvent / detergent.

Once cleaned the switch can be checked to determine the float actually operates by immersing in a small container full of water and observing both the float and the action of the contacts as detailed in the previous section.

If it is found that the float does not operate or that the contacts do not change state, then the switch must be replaced as a complete assembly.

12 Specification - BLS 9200

Materials All 316 Stainless Steel

Switch Rating: 100VA SPDT Process Temp. -10 to +90C

Max load rating: 100W ac/dc resistive

Max Current 3A Min load rating: 3W

Max load volts: 500V dc / 250V ac

Float S.G. 0.62

NOTE: The actuation point can vary slightly depending on the temperature and specific gravity of the individual liquid being detected

13 Drawings

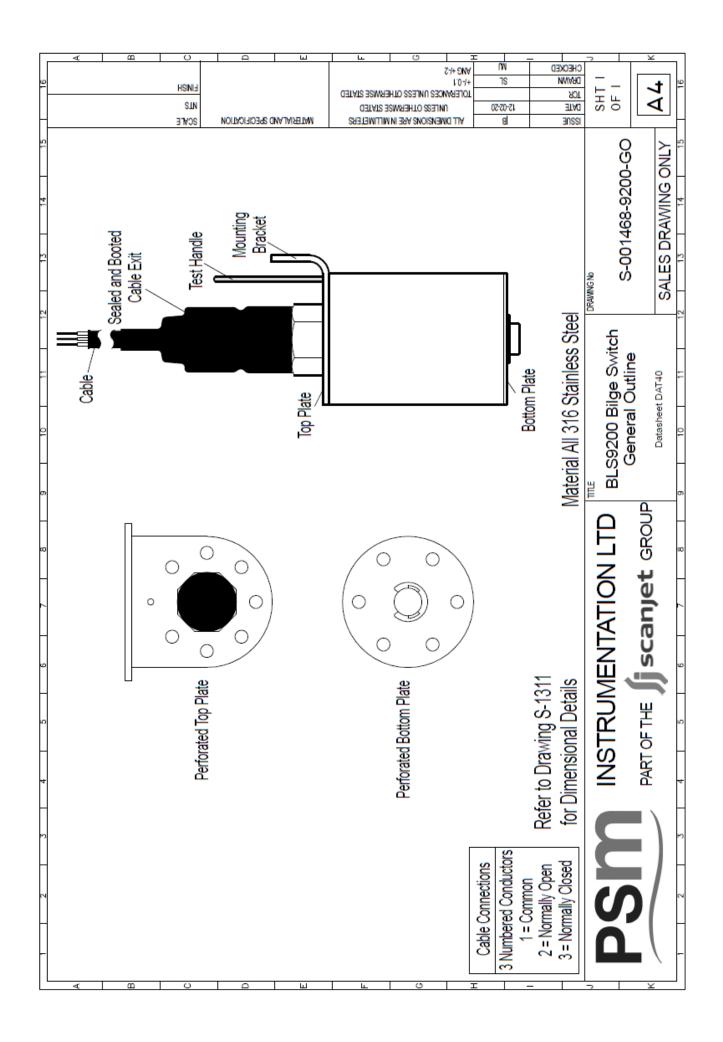
Refer to following pages.

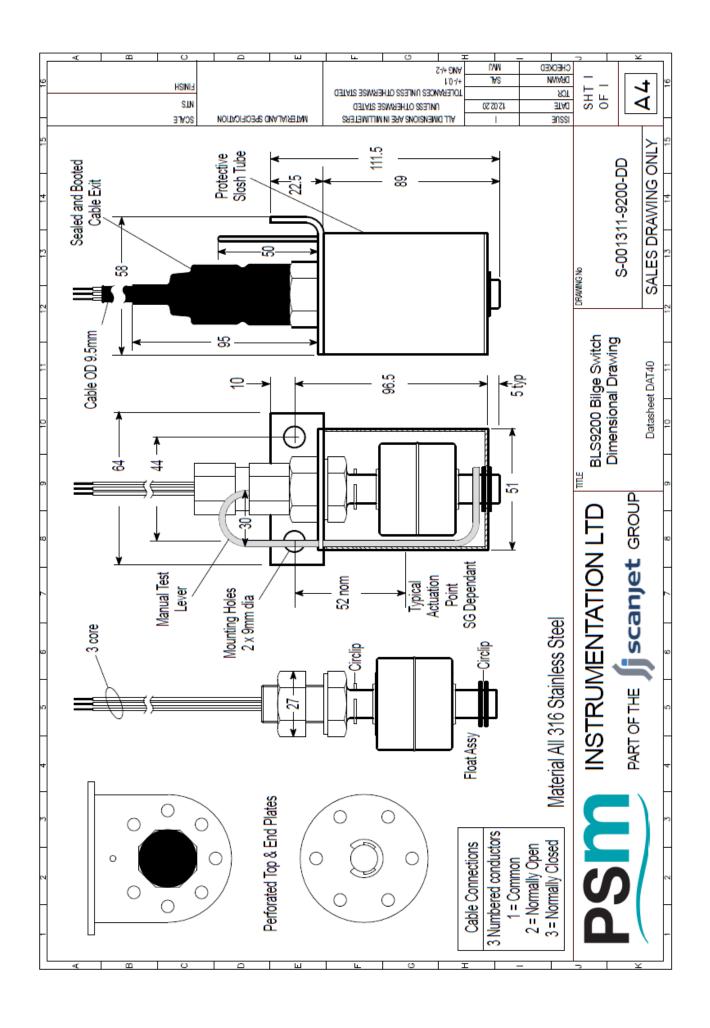
MIRING

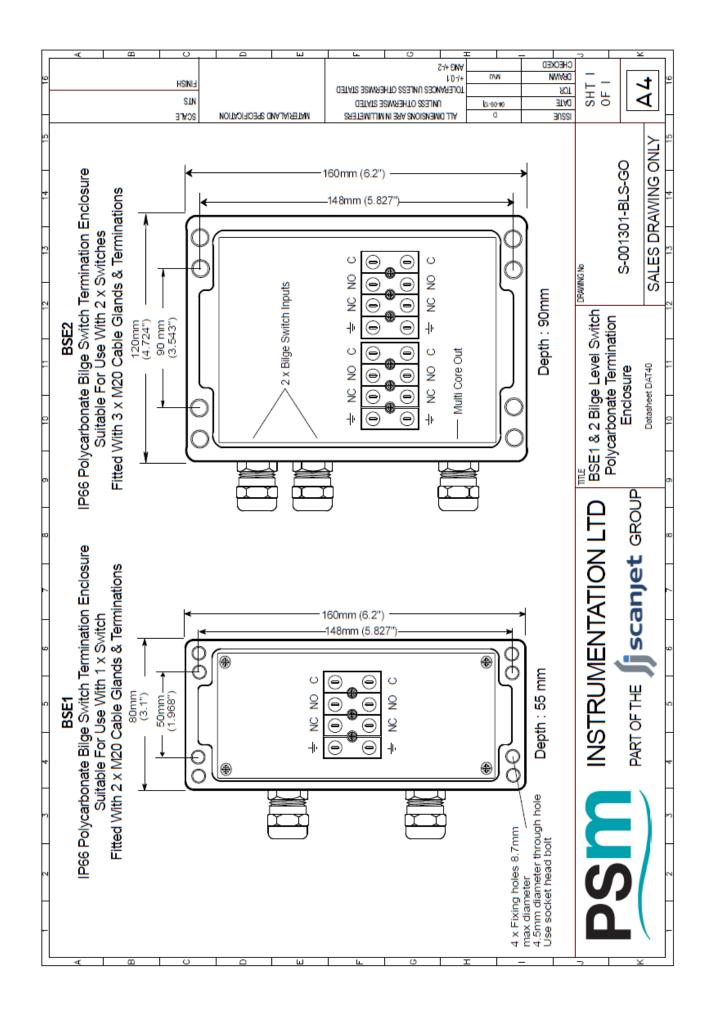
1 = Common

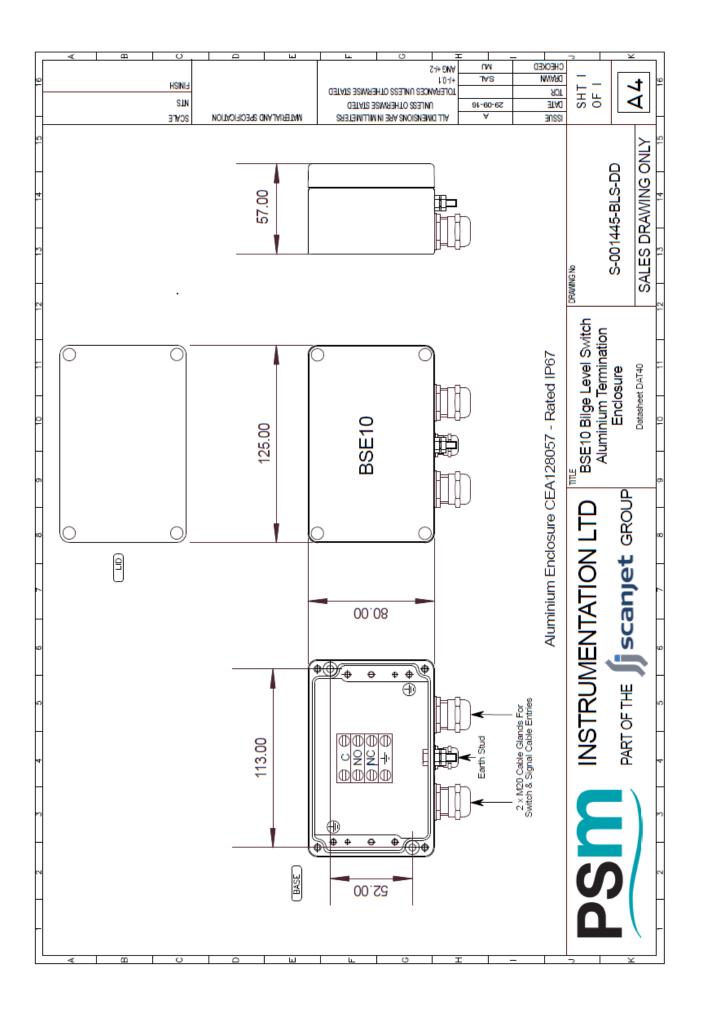
2 = Normally Open

3 = Normally Closed









14 CE Certification

The BLS9200 is CE marked. A copy of the current declaration is included with each shipment similar to the following example.



EU Declaration of Conformity 014

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.



Model: BLS 9200 Series

Sales Order:

PSM Instrumentation confirm that the instrument named above has met and exceeds the following requirements:

Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC

BS EN 61010-1:2001

Marine Environment

Environmental testing as required for Marine Type Approval laid out in IACS Unified requirement E10 and the relevant sections of IEC945.

Signed:

Managing Director April 2025

PSM WEEE Producer Registration No WEE/HC0106WW

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