

Installation Operation & Maintenance Instruction Manual

BLS9200-IS Bilge/ Flood Detection Switch

Specific to Intrinsically Safe Installations under ATEX, IECEx, & UKCA

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1 Introduction

The Bilge Switch Model BLS 9200 is designed to be installed in ships bilges and tanks, where it is bolted in situ at the required alarm level. This switch is manufactured in corrosion resistant stainless steel fully submersible construction with a hermetically sealed Single Pole Changeover reed switch potted in epoxy.

The switch is actuated by a rise in liquid level to the point that it moves the float past its actuation point.

The switch is also designed with a manual lift test mechanism to be used to check switch operation.

The switch is certified Intrinsically Safe for use in hazardous locations. Where used in such installations, for full compliance the switch must be used in conjunction with a Safety Barrier. Refer to <u>Section 4</u> of this manual for details.

2 Storage and Environmental Data

The BLS 9200 is a robust construction which is designed to withstand the in-service conditions it will encounter. Where the switch is to be stored prior to installation and use normal precautions must be taken to prevent the unit from mechanical damage and ingress of moisture into the exposed cable end. Warehouse storage without secondary packaging is acceptable provided these precautions are taken and the actual storage conditions are clean and dry and within the temperature range of 0°C to +40°C.

3 Safety and Handling Precautions

The BLS 9200 switch is a lightweight construction weighing less than 1Kg typically (depending upon length of attached cable). No special precautions are necessary in the handling of the switch other than to ensure that it is stored and handled appropriately to ensure that no mechanical damage can occur to either the switch, its attached test handle, and especially to the outer sheathing of the attached cable. Note that the cable is permanently fixed to the switch and no attempt should be made to remote it as this will compromise the integrity of the seals used to ensure full submersibility.

4 ATEX, IECEx & UKCA Certification

For intrinsically safe installations BLS9200 switches in the hazardous area must be connected to the safe area via approved safety barriers. These barriers fall broadly into two categories:

- Zener barriers (based on the shunt diode principle)
- Galvanic isolators

Either type of barrier may be employed subject to it meeting the required safety description. PSM can provide guidance on a range of suitable barriers.

<u>Shunt diode Zener barriers</u> provide a resistor to limit the current flow, a (non-replaceable) fuse to limit power and a Zener diode arrangement to limit voltage levels and provide a safe path to earth. Zener barriers tie the 0v side of the transmitter supply to earth either directly or via a diode arrangement. They must be connected to a high integrity earth to function as intended.

Intrinsically Safe Earth Connections are required to be made but should be made to a separate instrumentation 'Clean Earth'

There are generally two earthing systems recognised. The so-called 'dirty earth' has all the noncritical data equipment and general equipment attached to it. The 'clean earth' has all the critical data systems attached to it on the basis that less 'noise' will be found on this earth

<u>Galvanic Isolators</u> provide full galvanic isolation between safe area and hazardous area circuits with power limiting achieved by using a diode resistor network similar to that of a shunt-diode barrier. They do not require a high integrity earth; each side may be earthed independently overcoming potential issues with earth loops.

For all intrinsically safe installations of the BLS9200 it is essential that the instrument is powered from an isolated power supply. When a zener barrier is employed for power limiting this will effectively tie the sensor supply 0V to earth, meaning a non-isolated power source can lead to issues with any onboard earth fault monitoring system, resulting in unwanted earth current loops and instability / interference caused by any other equipment on the same power supply.

The use of an isolated supply means that there is no direct connection between the 0 volts / I.S. earth at the sensor and the 0 volts at the ships supply.

Barrier selection

When selecting a Barrier the following parameters must be complied with:

Ui	= 28Vdc
li	= 150mA
Pi	= 0.8W
Li	= 7.32μ H (based on the switch having 20 metres of cable)
Ci	= 2.5nF (based on the switch having 20 metres of cable)

Conditions of Certification

Non-metallic parts on the exterior of the pressure transmitter may present an electrostatic charging hazard.

Warning - Potential electrostatic charging hazard. Clean only using a damp cloth

Installation requirements

The following standard should be followed when carrying out a hazardous area installation:

60079 Part 14

Strictly no modifications or user repairs are allowed

If any problems occur with the equipment, please contact PSM Instrumentation Ltd. Refer to <u>Section</u> <u>14 Drawings</u> for full details of labelling.

ATEX & IECEx Dual Certified Label

PSM Instrumentation Ltd Burrell Road Haywards Heath West Sussex RH16 1TW	Model Code: ???? S/N: ???? Cable: ????	<u>Connection</u> 1: Common 2: Normally Open 3: Normally Closed
www.psmmarine.com	Date of manufacture: ??/??/????	
Specification -10°C≤ Ta ≤ +90°C	CE (Ex) II 1 G Ex ia IIC T5 Ga Ui = 28Vdc Ii = 150mA Pi = 0.8W Ci = 2.5nF (for 2	0m Cable)
Output: SPCO	Li = 7.32µH (for 20m Cable)	∕ ⊢ ∕
WARNING: Non-Metallic pa	ATEX : ITS-I 24ATEX 4123X BLS9200/I The may present electroctatic bazard. Befor to manuf	26X BLS9200/X

UKCA Label

PSM Instrumentation Ltd Burrell Road Haywards Heath West Sussex RH16 1TW www.psmmarine.com	Model Code: ???? S/N: ???? Cable: ???? Date of manufacture: ??/??/????	Connection 1: Common 2: Normally Open 3: Normally Closed
Specification -10°C≤ Ta ≤ +90°C	UK CA Ex UI 1 G UI = 28Vdc UI = 28Vdc UI = 28Vdc UI = 250mA UI = 250mA UI = 250mA	
Output: SPCO	XXXX Li = 7.32μ H (for 20m Cable)	
WARNING: Non-Metallic par	ITS24UKEX0813 ts may present electrostatic hazard. Refer to manuf	X BLS9200/U facturer instructions.

5 Installation

The BLS9200 is provided with an integral mounting bracket having 2 holes 9mm diameter on 44 mm centres, refer to the drawings in section 14 of this manual.

The nominal switch actuation point is at a dimension of 50mm below the mounting holes and actuates on a rising level, therefore in tank fixing should be located at a datum of 50mm above the desired alarm actuation point.

The mounting arrangement should be rigid and not liable to vibration or flexing, and it must be ensured that the BLS 9200, when mounted is vertical both when viewed from the side and the front. If the switch is not mounted vertically there is a risk that the movement of the float will be impeded.

The switch float is well protected by the perforated stainless-steel shield but in general it should be ensured that the selected location for installation is away from any area which is liable to collect debris or other contaminants which could, over time, cause a build-up and / or blockage to restrict the free movement of liquid to actuate the float.

6 Electrical Connection

The BLS 9200 is manufactured with the cable permanently bonded to the body. No attempt should be made to disconnect it. The actual length provided will have been specified at time of manufacture to suit the duty.

If required, it can be cut to length.

The conductors on the three-core cable are labelled as indicated in the key below.

1 = Common 2 = Normally Open 3 = Normally Closed

When the switch is not in alarm there is a circuit between Common and Normally Closed. When the switch enters alarm mode there is a circuit between Common and Normally Open.

Once the electrical connections are completed correct operation of the switch can be validated by using the test handle. Refer to the section "Operation and In Service Test" for details.

6.1 Optional Termination Enclosures

PSM provide three options for termination enclosures for the BLS 9200:

In Polycarbonate: BSE1 for a single switch, and BSE2 for two switches; In Aluminium: BSE10 for a single switch; Protection: IP65 (all versions).

Refer to the drawings at the end of this manual for further details



7 Operation and In-Service Test

When the BLS 9200 is installed and in normal operation there is no requirement for user intervention. Operation is fully automatic where the switch will respond to the presence of liquid which causes the internal float to rise and operate the internal reed switch causing it to change state.

Likewise, when the liquid level reduces below the switch position the BLS 9200 will automatically reset and the reed switch again change state.

For in-service test purposes the BLS9200 has an integral test handle. This handle may be used to simulate the presence of liquid to check that the switch operates as expected.

Gently lifting the handle upwards will cause the internal float to lift which will in turn cause the reed switch to changeover.

When the handle is released, the float will reset to its alarm off position.

To confirm correct operation, use a multi-meter or other continuity tester to check that there is a closed circuit between normally closed and common when the float is at rest, and between normally open and common when the float is manually lifted by the test handle.

8 Maintenance Needs

The BLS9200 has been designed for long and maintenance free operation. There are no specific service requirements, and no need for lubrication or other consumables.

As a precautionary measure it is recommended that the switch is visually inspected on a periodic basis to ensure that it remains free from contamination, and that operation and free movement of the internal float is confirmed by lifting of the test handle as detailed in the preceding section. This may also be used to validate alarm reporting on the remote monitoring system.

It is recommended that this inspection is undertaken on a monthly to quarterly basis.

If it is required to specifically test the function and correct operation of the switch in respect of its changeover action, then this should be undertaken when it is not immersed by first disconnecting the output cables and connecting the continuity meter across the common and normally closed terminals. This should show continuity.

Next the switch should be operated by lifting the handle to confirm that contact is broken between common and normally closed.

The test should then be repeated for the common and normally open contact by ensuring that when the switch is in its active position (lifted) that there is continuity and that there is no continuity when the switch handle is released.

9 Repair

The BLS9200 is a fully welded and sealed assembly which contains no user serviceable parts.

If a switch if found not to be operational after carrying out the tests detailed in the previous section, then it may be removed from its mountings and visually inspected.

If it appears that contamination within the protective shield is preventing free movement of the float, then the switch may be flushed using clean warm water or a mild solvent / detergent compatible with stainless steel.

Removal of the switch will necessitate undoing of the two securing bolts and lifting the complete switch away from the mounting removing any securing ties that have been used to retain the switch cable.

Once cleaned the switch can be checked to determine the float actually operates by immersing in a small container full of water and observing both the float and the action of the contacts as detailed in the previous section.

If it is found that the float does not operate or that the contacts do not change state, then the switch must be replaced as a complete assembly.

10 Specification - BLS 9200

Materials	All 316 Stainless Stee

Float S.G. 0.62

Process Temp. -10 to +90C

WIRING

1 = Common 2 = Normally Open 3 = Normally Closed

NOTE: The actuation point can vary slightly depending on the temperature and specific gravity of the individual liquid being detected.

11 Drawings

Refer to following pages









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PSM WEEE Producer Registration No WEE/HC0106WW

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